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POPE NOT ABOUT TO YIELD.

AGAIN STRONGLY DENGENCES THE ITALIAN GOVERNMENT.

Rumors of a Reconciliation Set at Rest by His Allocation at the Consistory .. Neither Time Nor Succession of Governments Can Suppress or Diminish His Rights.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. ROME, Dec 17 - The Pope's allocation at the secret consistory to-day contained hesides an expression of thankfulness to United States and secondly by Germany God for sparing him to complete the Holy Year, the customary condemnation of Italian Government and lament for the Papacy's temporalities His Holiness said: "Truly it is a calamity for us that force has deprived the Pontiff of his just and legitimate sovereignty, which is closely bound up with his freedom. His ministry is now under the power of other men. The Pope

is entirely subject to their caprices. "The difficulties were increased when a short time ago we saw authority over Rome pass from one hand to another as if it were a mere matter of right and not the outcome of injustice. We wish the rights of the Papacy to remain safe and intact, and declare that neither time nor succession of governments can suppress or diminish the inprescriptible rights of the Pontiff.

GNEISENAU'S DEATH LIST 38.

Others on the Wrecked German Schoolship May Have Perished - Many Injured.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN. Berlin, Dec. 17 .- A despatch received late to-night from the German Consul at Malaga regarding the wreck of the schoolship Gneisenau states that thirty-eight persons were lost, including the captain, first officer and one engineer, but it is doubted that this is a total list of those who perished. Thirty-nine have been taken to the hospital with broken limbs, having received their injuries by being dashed on the rocks. The total number of those on the ship is returned as 400, including 25 officers and 50 cadets.

The evening newspapers deeply regret the tragic events with which the short career of the German navy is dotted. They say that this latest disaster emphasizes the lesson the North German Lloyd company learned at Hoboken-that is, always to keep steam up when anchored in strange waters.

MADRID, Dec. 17.-The German schoolship Gneisenau, which sunk at the mouth of the harbor of Malaga yesterday, is rapidly breaking up.

It is stated that the commander of the Gnelsenau committed suicide when he saw that his ship and crew could not be saved. Among the officers who were saved is one of the name of Berndt, who is a nephew of Count von Buelow, the Imperial Chancellor. LONDON, Dec. 17 .- A despatch to Lloyd's from Gibraltar says that from thirty to forty

of the crew of the Gneisenau were lost. The Gneisenau had been at the port of Malaga since Nov. 1, engaged in big gun practice. At 10 o'clock yesterday morning. while the boys were being inspected, the wind began to blow violently. The captain ordered the engineers to get up steam as quickly as possible, but the vessel parted her anchor chains and was wrecked. Before she went down the crew jumped overboard and many were drowned. Some menina small boat made heroic efforts to save the crew. After they had picked up fifteen the boat, which was overcrowded, was swamped. Three of the men who had been in the boat were rescued with ropes. LONDON, Dec. 18 -- A despatch to the Morning Post from Madrid says that twelve Spanards were drowned while trying to resoue

SHELDON'S LONDON IMITATOR. Dr. Parker of London Editing an Afternoon Paper, but Makes Few Changes.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, Dec. 17-The Sun, which is to be run for several days after the fashion of the Topeka Capital venture, under the Rev. Mr. Sheldon, made its first appearance to-day under the management of the Rev. Dr. Parker, of the City Temple. There is no striking difference between to-day's edition and the ordinary Sun, which is a catch halfpenny afternoon paper backed by a speculator of the name of Bottomley. The Re Parker does not seem to have succeeded in elevating its tone.

In an editorial next to a two-column propectus of a gold mine he says: "We begin great and perhaps perllous experiment, He asserts that religion will be on its trial and asks whether a religious paper will be laughed out of court by drinkers, gamblers and fast livers. In the financial answers, one correspondent is advised to wait for a better price, while another is counselled not to invest in any mining company.

The "stop press" column of the latest news is headed with betting and gambling forecasts which are followed by a collection of anti-gambling texts. The usual sporting article does not appear, and some lottery advertisements which were formerly printed prominently are placed in a small space in an obscure corner of the paper. The daily reward of a guinea is omitted, otherwise the paper has the usual contents, which are chiefly clippings from the morning papers.

FRENCH MINISTRY WINS AGAIN. tion of Dreyfus Case Amnesty.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. Paris, Dec. 17.-The Government won another victory in the Chamber of Deputies | ment must comply The conference was to-day in connection with the Amnesty bill. based on a despatch from Mr. Conger, re-M. Vazeille proposed an amendment to the measure excluding from amnesty those guilty of perjury and forgery in connection with the Dreyfus case,

Prime Minister Waldeck-Rousseau opposed the amendment. He declared that it would reopen the old Dreyfus case, which would be an unpardonable mistake. He said he would treat the matter as a question of confidence in the Government, on which the Ministry would stand or fail. The amendment was rejected by a vote of 141 to 90.

SUICIDE OF LADY MANNERS. Coroner's Jury Decides That She Drowned

Herself While Insane. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN LONDON, Dec. 17 -An inquest was held today on the body of Lady Katherine Manners. eldest daughter of the late Duke of Rutland. who was found drowned on Saturday in shallow water of the lake in the grounds of Bel-voir Castle. The jury decided that she com-mitted suicide while insane

To Write King Humbert's Biography.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. Paris, Dec. 17. - A despatch from Rome to the Figure says that during the residence of ex-Queen Margherita at Stupinigi Castle, near Turin, she collected documents and correspondence with the late King Humbert with a view to writing his blography, in which matters hitherto unknown will be divulged.

Faster Than Ever to California.

Northwestern, Union and Southern Facility as, and arrives San Francisco 6:45 P. M. third day, ough double drawing room sleeping cars, buffet, ary car (with barber) and dining cars. Information at Northwestern Line Office, 461 B'way.—Adv

DECLINE OF BRITISH TRADE London Papers Admit That This Country and Germany Are Crowding England Out.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, Dec. 18 - The Daily Mail and the Daily Express concurrently began this morning a series of articles based on special inquiries into the question of the decline o British trade.

Each starts with a candid admission of the fact that despite the apparent prosperity and fulness of orders Great Britain is no holding her former position of supremacy but is being pushed out, primarily by the

SENTENCED FOR TREASON. Cape Colonists Escape With Fines and Short Terms of Imprisonment.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUS From THE SUN Correspondent at Cape Town CAPE TOWN, Dec. 17 - A woman has die from the plague in the King Williams Town district. No fresh cases have been reported There is now only one case under treatment and the quarantine has been raised.

The sentences imposed by the court a Colesberg in the cases of the men convicted of treason are regarded as very lenient. Van Rensburg was sentenced to eighteen month imprisonment and to pay a fine of £500. Roux was condemned to two years and six months imprisonment, Swart to one year and si nouths. Fowler to one year and to pay ine of £500, Jooste to one year and three months and to pay a fine of £500 and Mulle to one year and three months

DE WET LED ATTACK IN PERSON His Charge Broke the Encircing British Lines and His Force Got Away.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. Loxnov Dec 17 -A despatch from Maseru Basutoland, of yesterday's date says Gen De Wet attacked Lapberg and Warringham's Store. He made three determined assaults on the British positions and led the third attack in person. With a few of his men he charged through and the rest of his force followed

A commando which has been endeavoring to capture Thaba N'Chu Nek has been re pulsed

Commandant Haasbrock with a commande and two guns tried to force Springkauts Nek, near Thaba N'Chu, but was repulsed with a loss of forty men.

KRUGER STOPS RUNAWAY TEAM. Tells Secretary Who Jumped to Hereafter Sit Still and Trust in God

Special Cable Desputch to THE SUN. THE HAGUE, Dec. 17 .- While ex-President Kruger was out driving in the suburbs last Wednesday his horses became frightened at an automobile and ran away. One of Kruger's secretaries, who was the only other occupant of the carriage, jumped out. The old Boer President stood up in the carriage and reaching past the driver, seized the reins and soon pulled up the horses. He said to his secretary when the latter rejoined him: "Next time sit where you are and trust in

INDEMNITY FOR CATHOLICS. Bishop Favier to Make a Full Report of Claims to M. Delcasse.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. PARIS, Dec. 17 .- A despatch to the Siecle from Marseilles says Bishop Favier will return to France from Pekin in March for the purpose of making arrangemnts with the Government for a special indemnity for his congregations in China. He is now collecting all the information possible of the losses sustained by the Roman Catholic missionuprising with a view ries during the Boxer of presenting the statement to M. Delcasse the Minister of Foreign Affairs, and securing reimbursement. The Italian missionaries, who are very very numerous in China, intend to make a similar request of M. Delcasse, on the ground that France holds a general protectorate over Roman Catholic interests in the Far East.

WONT ACCEPT LOOT FROM PEKIN. France Orders the Sending of Art Treasure From China Stopped.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN PARIS, Dec. 17.-The Minister of Marine has ordered that the sending of cases containing art objects from China to President Loubet for the various museums be stopped. He says that in the opinion of the Government these objects do not belong to the soldiers who seized them in Pekin and other places and should not be treated as war

Li Hung Chang Slightly Ill.

Special Cable Desputch to THE SUN. LONDON, Dec. 18 .- The Pekin correspon ent of the Morning Post says that Li Hung Chang has been suffering with a slight fever for the past three days. Dr. Velde, surgeon of the German legation, has visited

WE ACCEPT BRITISH CHANGES. Minister Conger Instructed to Agree to Sug gested Amendment of China Note.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17. -Secretary Hay had a conference with the President this afternoon about the status of the negotiations at Pekin, and returning to the State Department sent instructions to Minister Conger, which, it is believed, will remove any cause of further delay in the signing of the preliminary agreement containing the conditions with which the Chinese Governceived to-day, in which he explained the nature of the amendments suggested by Sir Ernest Saton, the British Minister. was shown by Mr. Conger's message that these suggested changes are immaterial, and that there is no real ground for the reports that negotiations were seriously icepardized by Great Britain's course. One of the British proposals was that the expression that the conditions contained in the agreement were irrevocable should be modified. The other was that a clause explaining why the Powers demanded the punishment of Chinese officials should be inserted in the agreement. As these suggestions are regarded by this Government as verbal and not affecting the principles of the conditions they are entirely acceptable.

Mr. Conger had been told in his ceneral instructions that reasonable modifications would not be objectionable to the United States, but in order that there might be no further delay or any opportunity for misunderstanding he was informed in the instructions telegraphed by Mr. Hay this afternoon that he was authorized to accept the British suggestions. It is believed by the Government officials that there is nothing in the way to prevent the Powers from assenting to the agreement and news that it has been signed will be received in a few days. was shown by Mr. Conger's message that

Henry Hart Gives Property to His Niece Henry Hart, formerly President of the Third Avenue Railway, who is distributing his property among his relatives without waiting to give it to them by will, transferred yesterday to his niece, Mrs. Edith F. Lyons, 77 to 81 Park row. The property is mort-gaged for \$125,000 and is valued at \$275,000

A Well Equipped Brewery with an up-to-date clientage refers to C.H. Evans & Sons, Hudson, New York.—Adv.

Right to the Point

THIRD NEGRO LYNCHED.

INDIANA MOR STRUNG SUSPECT UP TO A TREE.

Company of Militia, but They Arrived

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Dec. 17, "Whistling oe," the third suspect in the murder of Barher Simon at Rockport on Saturday night, was taken from the jail at Boonville to-night and strung up to a tree on the main street of the town, the lynching being witnessed by several hundred people, though only about one hundred men participated in it.

The members of the mob made no attempt at disguise, but went at the work as deliberately and apparently as free from excitement as though it was a mere matter of every day occurrence. Every street in the town was guarded to prevent the possible escape of the Sheriff with his prisoner, but no demonstration was made against any of the citizens who were on the streets.

The lynching at Rockport last night of Bud Rowland and James Henderson, charged with the murder of Simon, caused a reign of terror among the negroes of Spencer and adjoining counties, and the whites held meetings in various places to-day and ordered negroes to leave the county.

At Enterprise, a small town in Spencer county, a public meeting was held and thirty colored families were ordered to leave by morning. Similar action was taken at Troy and the only two colored families at Grand View were also ordered away.

"Whistling Joe" was arrested at Rockport to-day, charged with participation in the murder of Simon. As soon as he was turned over to Sheriff Anderson, that official secreted him in his house and this afternoon spirited him to Boonville, Warwick county, where he was put in fail.

The Governor telegraphed the Sheriff, asking if assistance was needed, but received no reply. The Governor was much aggrieved at last night's lynching and said that he felt that the State had been again disgraced. He added that he was powerless to do anything unless the county authorities called upon him, but he would see that steps were taken at once to bring the members of the mob to justice. "Such lawlessness cannot exist in this

State, he said, "if it is possible for the power of the State to stop it. If the authorities of the county do not proceed in the matter and find out who did this thing, and do all in their power to wipe away this stain, then the State will take a hand."

At 7 o'clock to-night the Sheriff of Warwick ounty called up the Governor by long-distance telephone and notified him that "Whistling Joe" had been placed in jail at Boonville, from which place he was talking and that a mob of several hundred people was already in the town and others were arriving every moment. He said he was powerless to protect his prisoner if an attack were made upon the jail, and asked the Executive to send assistance immediately if possible. The Governor at once called upon the armory at Evansville and ordered a company of militia to have a special train made up at once and go to Boonville to protect the negro assent.

but the militia arrived too late. The mob began to assemble early in the afternoon and the town was soon filled with strangers. The Sheriff grew uneasy and talked to some of the citizens about trying to remove his prisoner to Evansville, but they the mob. While the officers were still five and six at a time, and it soon became apparent that it would be useless to attempt

Soon after dark the mob began to gather around the jail and at 7:30 o'clock several men appeared at the jail door and demanded the prisoner. The Sheriff refused to give him up and appealed to the crowd in the name of the law, but his words met cries of derision. The door was battered down and the mob entered the jail. "Whistling Joe" crouched in the back of his cell when the mob entered but he said nothing when dragged from his cell with a rope around his neck and two men

back of him pushing him. When the jail door was reached those on the outside sent up a shout and the terrifled negro was picked up and carried to a tree bout fifty feet from the jail. The leaders pressed him to confess. He refused, and prayed loudly for mercy. The crowd grew mpatient and the rope was thrown over the limb of the tree. The struggling negro was raised up and left dangling in the air. The mob then retired from the town and the Sheriff cut down the body of the negro,

but life was extino When Gov. Mount heard of to-night's lynching, he blamed the Sheriff of Spencer county for not notifying him of the condition of affairs so he could have ordered the militia to the scene earlier in the day and protected the prisoner.

CHWAB. THE COMMUNIST. DEAD. Vowed He Would Outlive Mr. Ottendorfer

Once Imprisoned as a Rioter. Justus H. Schwab, the communist and pro prietor of the little beer saloon at 50 First street, which was a favorite meeting place of the reds in its day, died last night in his home over the saloon of pneumonia. He had been seriously ill for two weeks and his death was expected. But Schwab heard that Oswald Ottendorfer, the German editor, was also dangerously ill and he declared that he would outlive him. The communist

was also dangerously ill and he declared that he would outlive him. The communist did not agree with the editor.

Schwab was born in Frankfort-on-the-Main 53 years ago. When he was 16 years old he showed an inherited contempt for the Prussian Army by spiking an old cannon near his home. Two years later he stole a Prussian flag and carried it home. His father buried half of it and used the other piece for a floor mop. When he was 21 years old Schwab was obliged to enlist and promptly deserted. He left his uniform in a graveyard, put on plain clothes and escaped to France.

He came to this country thirty-one years ago, learned the hasson's trade, and became a labor agitator. He was one of the prisoners arrested in the Tompkins Square riots in January 1874. The police found the big blonde-headed red in a saloon with a red flag draped about his shoulders advocating the abolition of the marriage laws and of property. In court he was asked if he had a trade.

"Yes, I am a mason," he said, "but I wont work. I can only get \$3.50 a day. My employer makes hundreds, What he offers me is not enough to live on."

Schwab was sent to the penitentiary for his alleged participation in the riot, but was pardoned by Gov. Dix.

After that the communist calmed down somewhat As there were marriage laws he married Louisa Schmidt, who bore him iour healthy children, two boys and two girls. One of the boys is a machinist, the other a clerk in a bank.

Schwab immelf opened a saloon and sold beer on Sundays. He was arrested several times for that and in 1876 was the hero of a test case in which it was held that his beer was not proved to be intoxicating.

The Train for Pittsburg Only \$0.00 first class and \$8.50 second class. New York to Pittsburg via Baltimore & Ohio R. R. on "Pittsburg Lamited." Leave New York, South Ferry, 6:55 P. M., and Liberty street 7:00 P. M.; arrive Pittsburg 8:55 A. M. Pullman drawing-room sleeping cars.—Adu.

Antedituvian Rye. Aristocratic, old and fine .- Ade.

CHARLA POUNDED AS TALL SEAS. KNOCK-OUT DROPS AGAIN. The Cunarder's Library and Saloon Flooded

A Very Hough Passage The single screw Cunarder Umbria, which

usually reaches this port from Liverpool and Queenstown on Saturday, found heaps Dragged Him From Jall in Spite of the of weather in her course on the voyage she Sheriff The Governor Despatched a finished yesterday morning. She had her storm doors on from the time she sailed into the open from Queenstown harbor until Too Late Negroes Warned to Leave. I she was within sight of the Long Island shore, and she needed them. Nobody was hurt, but nearly everybody who was not used to a life on the rolling deep stuck close by a life on the rolling deep stuck close by staterooms, even at mealtime. The big liner shipped lots of spray and the mere frills of many crests on the first two days out. Then, when she was somewhat less than 1,000 miles from Queenstown, she ran into the worst of the tumult. Capt. Dutton says the seas were really mountainous, as is often recorded in the logs of the liners. That was on Wednesday, when the Umbria covered only 17s knots, which is a little less than a third of her daily stant when the seas are outessent.

than a third of her daily stant when the seas are quiescent.

At noon on this boisterous day some real gray backs smashed aboard the ship. One mighty crest leaped clean up to the promenade deck and descended on a skylight over the library and music room. The skylight had been covered with wooden shutters, used in rough weather. The great crest stove them and made a hole in the skylight, letting down into the library and thence into the saloon a salty deluge. There were very few passengers in the saloon and none in the library. A temporary wooden ventilating shaft, made for the ship when she was in transport service, extending from the promenade deck down into the hold and passing through the library and saloon, was broken at the top. Fearing that it might collapse the officers had it sawed off in the saloon a few feet from the floor. The chart room was partly stove and the top of the port light was broken. Other waves lifted the flooring of the promenade deck below.

OSSINING IT IS TO BE

Sing Sing Votes to Petition Legislature for a Change of Name.

SING SING, N. Y., Dec. 17. Sing Sing turned out to-night at the biggest public meeting ever held in the village, and with but one dissenting voice directed the officers of the meeting to petition the Legislature to change the name of the village from Sing Sing to Ossining. The enthusiasm displayed in favor of the change astonished those who had been fostering the project. They expected that old residents, inspired by sentiment and association, would object. The Rev. Dr. John P. Hermance, a retired Methodist minister, was the only one who spoke against the change and in the voting he did not vote either for or against it. The only person who voted against it was the Rev. Dr. Ferguson, pastor of Trinity Episcopal Church. He said he believed in the change but did not want Ossining.

Water Commissioner John E. Johnson was chairman of the meeting. He said that manufacturers cannot be induced to settle here because the purchasing public cannot be led to believe that goods coming from Sing Sing are not made by prison labor. He wanted to start the new century with a new mame and a new prosperity.

His remarks were received with cheers. the change astonished those who had been

wanted to start the new century with a new name and a new prosperity.

His remarks were teceived with cheers Seth G. Ellegood, President of the village, introduced a resolution setting forth the desires of the citizens, and petitioning the Legislature to accuresce in a change from Sing Sing to Ossining and to set off that portion of the village in which the prison is situated and designate it as Sing Sing Prison. Abram Hyatt, ex-President of the village, ex-Judge Milton C. Palmer and others spoke in favor of the resolutions. The meeting adjourned with three cheers for the new village of Ossining.

WHERE IS THE REV. MR. JOHNSON Ex-Fire Chaplain's Iliness Attributed to the Shocking Sights When the Saale Burned.

The Rev. James LeBaron Johnson, formerly assistant rector of Grace Church and a chaplain in the Fire Department, although he was in this city last week after leaving the sanitarium at Watkins, did not go to see his parents advised him not to attempt it, as all the roads on Staten Island. His father is the Rev. prisoner would certainly fall into the hands Church at New Brighton. He said last night that he knew nothing at all of his son's affairs. said Mr. Johnson, "I have heard nothing from him. He has not written a line nor has he been to see me. That was one of the manifestations of the mental trouble with

he been to see me. That was one of the manifestations of the mental trouble with which he was afflicted. Where he is now I have no idea."

The cause of Mr. Johnson's break-down is said to have been the strain he was put to in attending all the big fires in his capacity of chaplain. His experience at the North German Lleyd dock fire in Hoboken last spring is said to have been particularly trying. He was on one of the fire patrol boats and came near the Saale when the unfortunate men imprisoned under the burning decks came to the port-holes and begged the men on the fire boats to rescue them. The boats were powerless, but kept by the ship for some time, and Mr. Johnson exhorted the dying men to meet their deaths courageously, and did all in his power to comfort them spiritually. His friends say that this sight, combined with the exhaustion and nervous strain he had previously undergone, brought on mental trouble.

When his wife returned from Europe re-

When his wife returned from Europe re-cently Mr Johnson was in the sanitarium at Watkins. His wife went there, but he would not receive her. She is now living with her mother, Mrs Alexander Van Rens-selaer, in this city. Chief Croker of the Fire Department saw Mr. Johnson in the city last week and thought he was looking very well.

an Attorney Threatens to Levy on Enough

State Property to Pay Costs of a Suit. ALBANY, Dec. 17 .- Senator Chauncey M. Depew's portrait which he brought to Albany a few days ago to hang in the gallery of former Secretaries in the Secretary of State's office, is in danger of being lost to the State. Recently the Secretary of State refused to file the certificate of incorporation of a mem bership organization which had a foreign name, because the law requires that certifi-cates of incorporation shall be expressed in English. The attorney for the corporation asked Justice Fursman for an order directing the filing of the certificate, and if was granted

with costs

Neither the Secretary of State nor Attorney-General have a fund from which such costs can be paid, and the attorney for the organization has written that unless they are paid he will take out an execution against the State and levy on enough State property

to pay the costs

The only property upon which he can levy are the portaits of former Governors and Secretaries of State. The easiest collection to reach is that in the Secretary of State's office, and the costliest one in that group is that recently hung by Senator Depew

SETTLING UP CAMPAIGN EXPENSES. Mr. Payne Says the Republican Committee Has Money Enough to Pay Its Debts.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.-Henry C. Payne Report That Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt Ma member of the Republican National Committee from Wisconsin, called on the President to-day with Senator Hanna. He said afterward that he had been at the White House simply to pay his respects to President McKinley, and that he is in Washington to help Senator Hanna wind up some of the last help Senator Hanna wind up some of the campaign business of the committee.
"Senator Hanna could not come West," said he, "so I came to Washington. There are said he, "so I came to Washington. said he, so I came to washington. There are a few claims, amounting to two or three thousand dollars, that will have to be settled up. The committee has enough money left over to pay its debts, and the campaign did not cost over 60 per cent, of what it cost

did not cost over 60 per cent. of what it cost in 1896.

"Perry Heath will be continued as secretary of the committee, with headquarters in Washington. There is a great deal of correspondence which Chairman Hanna cannot be burdened with, and Mr. Heath will attend to that. This will take up his time for awhile. How long it will be necessary for him to continue these duties is uncertain."

No regrets if you choose this make. They last etime. At Chandler's, 459 Fulton st., Brooklyr

received with favor everywhere - Evans' Ale .- Ade.

CASE IN HERKIMER SIMILAR TO THE ONE IN PATERSON.

The Victim Taken to the Poorhouse Wher Her Condition Became Serious -Afterward Taken to the Home of Her Brother in Little Falls, Where She Died Yesterday.

UTICA, Dec. 17.-All Herkimer county is aroused over a crime which culmi nated this afternoon in the death in Little Fails of Miss Margaret Jennings, the victim of knock-out drops. The case is in many respects similar to the Jennie Bosschieter case of Paterson, N. J., and before the official investigation has been completed it promises to involve persons standing high in the social set of Herkimer county.

I p to Dec. 5 Miss Jennings had lived with her niece, Miss Nellie Franks, at 188 Whites boro street, this city. She left on that date going to Herkimer, and a few days ago she was found in the Nelson House in that vilage. The proprietor thought she was intoxicated and she was put to bed. As she failed to come to her senses within a reasonable time it dawned upon the landlord that probably the woman was a victim of some drug and a physician was summoned. The doctor said that the condition of the woman was not serious, and it was decided to remove her to the County House.

After she had been there a few days her brother. Michael Jennings, was notified and he went to the County House, where he found his sister in a critical condition. At first she failed to recognize her brother and raved constantly and mumbled incoherently. Her condition was so serious that it was thought inadvisable to remove her to her brother's home in Little Falls until yesterday, when the doctors agreed that she could be taken there without jeopardizing her life.

Dr. A. B. Santry was called upon her arrival

there. After a thorough examination the doctor expressed alarm at the seriousness of the woman's condition and it was thought advisable to call in Coroner Eveleth, so that her ante-mortem statement could be taken. Miss Jennings talked disjointedly, but sufficient was gleaned from what she said to warrant the statement that she was the victim of knock-out drops.

She said that on Dec 7 she fell in with some young men in Herkimer, who took her to "Wood's Place" It is thought that the Wood referred to is the keeper of a saloon and resort near the freight house in Herkimer. Wood manifested a great interest in getting the woman out of the way, and he secured the order from the Herkimer poermaster to have her put in the County House at Middleville. Wood accompanied the woman to that institution. The girl told of several resorts into which she was dragged by her male companions. She also told of drinking something from a bowl and of being escorted to the Velson House by Wood

The girl's arms are black and blue and her limbs were burned to a blister by hot water being applied to revive her. There are also many marks made by the application of an electric battery, evidently brought into play by her companions in the hope that this heroic treatment might bring her to her senses.

Miss Jennings died in Little Falls late this afternoon in frightful agony. She raved incessantly of her experience on the occasion of her receiving the fatal potion. The victim's brother, and, in fact, the

whole community, demand that those implicated in the brutal affair be punished to the fullest extent of the law. The facts will be laid before the Grand Jury at Herkimer leading to the town were guarded and the George D. Johnson, rector of Christ Episcopai within a few days and some startling revelations, equalling in moral depravity the cir-

On the heels of the death of Margaret Jen pings comes the assertion of a Little Falls woman that on a recent visit to Herkimer she was invelgled into a resort, where she was drugged and outraged. Her testimon; will undoubtedly play a part in the official investigation of the Jennings girl's death that will be started at once.

TORPEDO BOAT BAILEY FAST. Capt. Miller Says Her Preliminary Trial

Showed Remarkable Speed. NEW LONGON, Conn., Dec. 17 .- If the official trip of the new torpedo boat destroyer Bailey equals the performance of the boat in its preliminary tests off Newport last week the United States Government will come into possession of one of the fastest and finest possession of one of the fastest and finest torpedo boats in the world. The Balley is at present under the command of Capt. W. A. Miller, the well-known master of the record breaking steam yacht Kanawha. Capt. Miller was in town on Sunday and reported the performance of the Balley on her preliminary trial over the measured mile course on Narraganset Bay as something remarkable.

The record was taken by Charles Scabury.

course on Narragaiset Bay as something remarkable.

The record was taken by Charles Seabury and officials from the Newport training station. The little craft went over the course which is technically 6,082 feet, a nautical mile, three times. The first run was made in two minutes one second, the second in exactly two minutes, and the third in one minute, fifty eight seconds.

The Bailey carries a crew of fifty-eight. She is 210 feet long, 19 feet 6 inches wide and has a draught of 9 feet 3 inches. The contract calls for a speed of thirty knots an hour for two hours. The trial will probably take place on Wednesday or Thursday off New London.

WRECK ON THE D. L. & W. Ment and Freight Trains in Cottision-A

Complete Smash-Up. DANSVILLE, Dec. 17 .- A bad wreck ce curred on the Delaware, Lackswanns and western Railroad at this place early this morning. A meat train was going east and was running on to a switch to make room for another train soon to come down. When half over on the switch another freight train going west came thundering down the grade, the engineer having lost control of it, and the trainmen not being able to stop it with the brakes.

the trainmen not being able to stop it with the brakes.

The smash-up was complete, and the cars with their contents were scattered about for a long distance. The locomotive of the Westbound train was badly wrecked, and the engineer, Albert Garrison, was so badly injured that he cannot live. It took all day to remove the wreck.

ANOTHER BILTMORES

Purchase a Carolina Estate. RALEIGH, N. C., Dec. 17 -It is reported that Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, who is visiting at George Vanderbilt's country home. Bilt-more, in western Carolina, will purchase an estate in the mountains adjacent for the pur-pose of building a magnificent home.

All Hilliard's Nurses Under Arrest.

Edward C. Dean and J. R. Davis, two of the nurses from the insane ward at Bellevue, who were dismissed by Commissioner Keller yesterday after he had investigated the death of Louis H. Hilliard, as told elsewhere in THE SUN, were arrested early this morning on their return by detectives from the East Thirty-fifth street station, and were locked up in the station. Marshall, the third nurse, was arrested earlier in the evening and is locked up in the Tombs.

Deerfoot Farm Sausages Made of the tender meat of dairy fed fat young porkers, daintily seasoned with selected spices. Try a two-pound package at ones. Heware of imitations—Adr

Few and Far Between are the travellers who, having once used the Penn-aylvania Limited, travel by any other train between New York and Chicago. —Ar

WATCHWAY SHOOTS THIEF.

A Negro Burglar Caught Near Broadway Dying in the Hospital. A negro burglar was shot twice, in the head and the abdomen, at midnight last night by a private watchman in the office of Sajun &

Tabelram, importers of East Indian goods at 15 East Seventeenth street, as he was about o make off with \$1,000 worth of valuable silks. The burglar is dving in the New York Hospital and the watchman is under arrest. The burglar says he is Henry Johnson 34 years old, living at 235 West Forty-fifth street. The watchman is Charles Fromm, in the employ of the Holmes Burglar Alarm Company. Some time after 11 o'clock last night Johnson forced an entrance into the building at 15 East Seventeenth street without being noticed. The elevator was opon and he turned on the power and rode up to the third floor. After looking the elevator he smashed the glass door of the office of Sajun & Tahelram The noi e of the falling glass attracted Watchman Fromm and he started for the elevator. He found the door to the shaft locked so he walked upstairs. When he reached the third floor he met Johnson. The burglar was coming out of the office

with a bundle under his arm.

The watchman ordered Johnson to stop. The burglar drew a heavy wrench from watchman dodged the missile and Johnson ran at him. Fromm pulled his revolver and fired twice. Both took effect and the

burglar dropped. Fromm telephoned to the New York Hospital for an ambulance and to the police. The ambulance surgeon said the negro could hardly live through the night. Detectives Lockwood and Sheehan of the

West Twentieth street station on hearing this placed Fromm under arrest. He lives at 154 Park avenue, Brooklyn. The office the burglar broke open has been robbed four times recently without any clue to the thieves being obtained

TARRED AND FEATHERED WRONG MAN. White Caps of Colorado Maltreat a Respectable Negro Workman.

WALSUNBERG, Col., Dec. 17 .- White Caps, organized here to hunt down and punish the men responsible for recent petty robberies, got hold of the wrong man on Friday night and maltreated a respectable negro. The min was seen at Picton working over the mine dump. He was seized by the members of the mob and despite his protestations notice to the hepublican managers that he and struggles was bound and carried to a hot tar kettle. His clothes were torn from his back and a coating of tar administered

and then some feathers were applied. "Now let's see who he is," said one of the members of the committee and they looked at the negro more closely. All knew the man as one of the most respectable in the camp and one that the company trusted

implicitly The package that he was carrying was found to contain his own clothes. The man was then taken to a saloon and the committee proceeded to scrape off the tar as best they could. They took some skin off with first defeat the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, and it, and when they had finished the man was then, by specific enactment, to repeal the almost crazed with agony. He was then filled with liquor, some money was placed in he said the Senate ought to at once pass the his pocket and two men carried him home to Hepburn canal bill, which was now on the They gave her some money to keep silent, and then they disappeared.

DECLINED PINGREE'S INVITATION. Supreme Court of Michigan Will Not Be

Present at His Dinner. DETROIT. Mich., Dec. 17 -Gov. Pingree bye spread at Lansing and gave carte blanche it on the ground that he wanted no partnerto one of the hotels in Detroit to furnish the | ship with Great Britain in respect to the trandinner, waiters and everything in connection sit route, that such a partnership would be with it. He sent out typewritten invitations nformally worded, closing with the sentence, "I'll guarantee you will have a good time." The dinner is to occur at Lansing in the Senate

chamber to-morrow evening. Among others whom the guests were invited to meet were the members of the Supreme Court of Michigan, but that court solemnly this afternoon voted unanimously not to accept. Possibly it was the rumor that the Governor is to furnish all known drinks at the dinner which shocked the distinguished Judges of the highest court of the State, but the more probable explanation s that they decided thus openly to snub him in revenge for his frequent criticisms of them through interviews in the Detroit papers. Such men as former Governor John T. Rich have also declined the invitation. There is a report this evening that the Senators may refuse to have their chamber used as a dining

room, but this is not authenticated. BURGLARS TORTURE A WOMAN. Tried to Force Her to Tell the Combination

of a Safe -Didn't Succeed. SHARON, Pa., Dec. 17. Three masked burglars visited the home of Mrs. John Bell, widow living near Coaltown, last night

pages But yesterday just such a thief discovered the money. However, he took only \$25 of the \$55 there.

Before leaving Hawthorne's room the thief made several alterations in the Scriptural text. Under one of the bank notes he discovered the golden rule and with his lead pencil made it read: "Do others or they will do you." At another point he added a few words to the commandment and substantiated his particular conduct in this manner: "Thou shalt not steal more than enough for current expenses."

\$1,000,000 FIRE IN CLEVELAND. Brown Hoisting Company and Elwell-Parket Electric Company Burned Out.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Dec. 17.-The great plant of the Brown Hoisting and Conveying Company and the smaller plant of the Elwell-Parker Electric Company were destroyed by fire this morning, with a loss of nearly \$1,000,000. The firemen worked in a high gale, and the fire had gained such headway when they began operations that it was impossible to save the buildings. The Brown Hoisting Company is one of the largest companies of its kind in the United States. It had a large number of Government contracts under way, the work upon which is totally destroyed.

An Everlasting Gift. Your friends will remember you pleasantly if you present them with a Waterman Ideal Fountain Pen for Christmas. It's a gift that grows in value daily. All dealers, or L. E. Waterman Co.. 157 Broadway.

PRICE TWO CENTS. DEBATE ON CANAL TREATY.

SENATE TO BEGIN VOTING ON THE

AMENDMENTS ON THURSDAY.

the One Striking Out Article III., Which Invites the Adherence of Other Powers. and the One Declaring That the Pending Treaty Supersedes the Clayton-Bulwer Treaty Will Be Adopted -The Friends of the Treaty Are Confident That All Other Amendments Will Be Defeated and That the Treaty Will Then Be

Ratified by at Least Sixty-four Votes. WASHINGTON, Dec. 17 -- At 3 o'clock on hursday afternoon the Senate will begin voting on the pending amendments to the Hay-Pauncefote Canal treaty and those that may be offered hereafter. In executive session to-day this programme was agreed to without he formality of a vote. Both houses of ongress will adjourn on Friday until Jan. S. The two amendments striking out Article III., which invites the adherence of other Powers and declaring that the pending convention 'supersedes" the Clayton-Bulwer convention, will be adopted, and those in charge of the his pocket and threw it at Fromm. The treaty are confident that all other proposed amendments will be defeated by a majority of ten or twelve votes. They say also that there will be at least sixty-four votes (six more than necessary) cast for ratification The treaty when ratifled will be submitted again to the British Government for approval. and it is the general opinion of Senators that it will be accepted.

After the agreement to-day, Mr. Butler gave notice that hereafter he would object to any unanimous consent fixing a day for a vote on any important subject before the Senate. He declared that such agreements were likely to lessen the interest of Senators in the subject under discussion, and pointed to the fact that the knowledge that an agreement would be reached on the treaty to-day without opposition had caused the chamber to be emptled during executive session and compelled Mr. Money to speak practically to empty benches, there being, Mr. Butler said, only three Republican Senators in the chamber while Mr. Money was addressing the Senate on a question of policy for which the

Republican party was responsible. Mr. Butler did not say so, but it is understood that his statement was intended to be a would not permit any unanimous consent in advance for a vote on the Shipping Subsidy Mr. Butler added that when the Senate had discussed questions to its satisfaction there would probably be no difficulty in reaching an agreement, but he warned the Republican managers that he should be present to prevent an agreement being reached at a

time when he believed it to be unwise. The discussion of the treaty to-day was participated in by Senators Money and Mason only. They were permitted to make their speeches without interruption. Mr. Money in the outset declared it to be his desire to Clayton-Bulwer treaty. That being done. Senate calendar, and proceed with the work

of building the canal Mr. Money read at great length from the speech of Stephen A. Douglass, in the United States Senate, delivered only a few years after the Clayton-Bulwer treaty had been negotiated. Mr. Douglass was the only man in the Senate who made any active opposition conceived the idea of giving a sort of good- to the ratification of the treaty. He opposed productive of constant misunderstanding and disputes, instead of being a bond of peace, and he urged the Senate to reject the treat; and call upon the Executive to send to the Senate the Hise treaty, that it might be rati-

field with such amendments as the Senate might see fit to make. Mr. Money showed that Mr. Douglass took his view in order that the United States might have the exclusive control over the transit route, and might open it to the world on such terms as were compatible with American interests. Mr. Douglass also opposed the treaty on the ground that he would never enter into any compact with Great Britain or any other Power with respect to the Americap continent, by which the faith of the nation should be pledged for all time to come never to annex or colonize such portions of the continent as our interests and safety would inevitably compel us to annex at some future day. He did not desire to annex the country then, but insisted that the time would

come when we would be compelled to exercise jurisdiction over that isthmian route. The speech of Mr. Mason, because of its conservatism, was a surprise to the Senate. Much of it was devoted to a discussion of international law and an exposition of the falsity of the claim put forward by Great

burglars visited the home of Mrs. John Bell, a widow living near Coaltown, last night and attempted to force her to open a safe in the house. Mrs. Bell was alone with her granddaughter, Miss Sargent. The burglars got in by smashing an outside door. Mrs. Bell told the men that she could not open the safe, as she did not know the combination. The robbers then twisted her arms, threatening to burn her feet and otherwise torture her. They carried her to the safe, got a can of oil and threatened to pour it over her and touch a match. Then they became convinced that the woman did not know the combination and left after taking and all the jewelry they could find.

Finds \$55 Hidden There, Takes \$25, and Writes "Do Others or They Will Do You."

OMAHA, Neb., Dec. 17.—Hugh Hawthorne of 1803 Earnam street hid a number of banknotes between the leaves of his Bible, and fancied that it must be a hardened criminal indeed, who would look for material wealth, instead of spiritual riches among the sacred pages. But yesterday just such a thief discovered the money. However, he took only \$25 of the \$55 there.

Before leaving Hawthorne's room the thief

making such defence thereof as it shall deem proper."

Mr Mason declared that no one would deny the power or the legal right of the United States to abrogate the Clayton-Bulwer treaty. It was a compact between two nations that could be nullified whenever either of the parties thereto believed it was operating to its disadvantage.

In making a new or amending an old treaty, he contended, a nation had a right not only to expect, but to demand, that the new treaty should be in consonance with the times and the conditions under which it was negotiated. It should consent to nothing prejudicial to its own interests, for the door of abrogation was always open, and should be used openly and honorably unless it was prejudicial to the natural rights of another or robbed another nation of either vested rights or the consideration it had yielded to secure the treaty.

In discussing this point Mr Mason dealers.

consideration it had yielded to secure the treaty.

In discussing this point Mr. Mason declared that England had no natural rights in Central America to dictate terms to the United States as to the use of its own property. The only consideration Great Britain had parted with was an agreement to respect the Monroe doctrine, contained in the treaty, which agreement it had openly violated as it had also violated the agreement not to colonize in Central America in Central America
The fact that England was passing into
the "sere and yellow leaf"—the way of all

Nothing Fise So Comfortable the great trains of the New York Central, which we for the North and West every hour. Scenery, ick, service, perfect. -Adr.

A Bottle of Evans' Ale Symbolizes